

Chapter 6 – Rural Development

Question 1

In brief, explain rural development.

Answer: Rural development refers to the implementation of the plan for the social and economic upliftment of rural areas.

Question 2

What does the Micro Credit programme mean?

- 1) Credit provision made by small farmers
- 2) Credit provision made by self-help group to its members
- 3) Credit provision made by large farmers
- 4) None of the above

Answer. 2) Credit provision made by self-help group to its members.

Question 3

What is NABARD full form?

- 1) National Bank of Agriculture and Rural Development
- 2) Native Bank of Agriculture and Rural Development
- 3) Native Bank of Agriculture and Real Development
- 4) National Bank of Agriculture and Real Development

Answer. 1) National Bank of Agriculture and Rural Development.

Question 4

Non-institutional sources of agriculture credit are?

- 1) Commercial Bank
- 2) NABARD
- 3) Regional Bank
- 4) Traders

Answer. 4) Traders.

Question 5

Why short term loan is required by rural population?

- 1) For buying cattle

- 2) For buying tractors
- 3) For meeting consumption expenditure
- 4) For paying old debt

Answer. 3) For meeting consumption expenditure.

Question 6

Which of the following is false regarding SHG's

- 1) Small and informal association for a poor person
- 2) Provide rural credit by mobilizing their own resources
- 3) Introduced in 1982
- 4) Improve rural poor access to a formal credit system

Answer. 3) Introduced in 1982.

Question 7

Below mentioned are the major producers of the marine product except

- 1) Gujarat
- 2) Punjab
- 3) Maharashtra
- 4) Kerala

Answer. 2) Punjab.

Question 8

Write two instruments to safeguard the interest of farmers by the government.

Answer: The two instructions are a fixation of minimum support price (MSP) and Buffer stock.

Question 9

Rural population require long-term loans because

- 1) For buying Fertilizers
- 2) Buying agricultural machinery
- 3) Buy seeds
- 4) To make minor improvements on land

Answer: 2) Buying agricultural machinery

Question 10

What is a microcredit programme?

Answer: Microcredit programmes refer to the credit provision made by the self-help groups to its members and the person involved in it is known as microcredit programme.

Question 11

What is agriculture marketing?

Answer: Agriculture marketing is one of the marketing methods where the agriculture products are distributed with the help of wholesaler or retailer so that it reaches to the end-users.

Question 12

What is horticulture?

Answer: Horticulture is a section of crop agriculture that incorporates forestry and agronomy. In a traditional way, horticulture markets garden crops like nuts, vegetables, fruits, spices and herbs, ornamental plants, and beverage crops, etc.

Question 13

How does horticulture work?

Answer: Horticulturist performs research in plant propagation, crop production, plant breeding, genetic engineering, plant biochemistry, and plant physiology, etc to improve the way we use plants, for food and other human desires, as well restoring the environment and personal aesthetics.

Question 14

Explain TANWA.

Answer: The word TANWA means Tamil Nadu Women in Agriculture. This project was initiated with the aim of encouraging and giving training to the Tamil Nadu women in the latest agriculture technique. It involved women to actively participate in agricultural activities and raise the family income. The women with their savings would later promote small household activities like doll making, soap manufacturing, mushroom cultivation or any other income generating activities.

Question 15

Define the adoption of a village.

Answer: The adoption of a village is also known as Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY). It is a development programme focusing on the social and cultural development of the rural people.